(b) whether the Chairmen of the Boards are the same officers as Administrative Heads of Division for example JS(AD) for SEB and Director (ADP) for JEB; and

(c) if so, what are the reasons for which the senior Joint Secretaries or Directors in the Ministry other than the ones in the Administration are not appointed as Chairman of the respective Board in the fairplay of equity and justice?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. NATWAR SINGH): (a) Both the Senior Establishment Board and the Junior Establishment Board meet two to three times a year to decide postings and transfers abroad of IFS(B) staff.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Under Rule 5 of the Indian Foreign Service, Branch(B) (RCSP) Rules, 1964 the Presiding Officer of SEB shall be Additional Secretary (AD)/Joint Secretary(AD). In so far as the JEB is concerned, the composition of the Board is in accordance with other provisions of the above Rule and Director (ADP) as seniormost of the two Directors of the present Board serves as its Chairman.

परमाणु शस्त्रों के नष्ट किए जाने सम्बन्धी सोवियत प्रस्ताव

2311. डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय : क्या **विदेश** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या जेनेवा में सोवियत रूस द्वारा सन् 2000 तक परमाणु शस्त्रों के समाप्त किये जाने के प्रस्ताव को ध्यान में रखते हुए निरस्त्रीकरण की दिशा में कोई सकारात्मक प्रगति हुई है ; और

(ख) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

विदेश मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री के० नटवर सिंह) : (क) और (ख) 2000 ईस्वी तक नाभिकीय हथियारों को पूरी तरह से समाप्त कर देने के बारे में सोवियत प्रस्ताव के क्रियान्वयन में कोई प्रगति नहीं हुई है। संयुक्त राज्य अमरीका और सोवियत संघ, जो नाभिकीय हथियार रखने वाली प्रमुख शक्तियां हैं, शिखर सम्मेलन और अन्य स्तरों पर नाभिकीय निरस्त्रीकरण के लिये इस प्रस्ताव पर तथा अन्य विभिन्न प्रस्तावों पर बातचीत कर रहे हैं। यद्यपि ये बातचीत गोपनीय है, फिर भी बाह्य अन्तरिक्ष में नाभिकीय हथियारों पर दोनों पक्षों के बीच पारस्परिक विश्वास का अभाव और मतभेद तथा नाभिकीय और परम्परागत हथियारों के बीच परस्पर संबंध कुछ ऐसे तत्व हैं जो अब तक इन वार्ताओं की प्रगति में बाधक बने हुए बताये जाते हैं ।

Unemployed Engineering Graduates

2312. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of engineering graduates in the country who are unemployed as on the 31st January, 1987;

(b) what are the reasons therefor; and

(c) what steps Government have taken to provide them employment including financial help for self-employment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) Available information relates to the engineering graduates seeking job assistance at Employment Exchanges. In June, 1986, their number was 38,980. Information for 31st January, 1987 is not available.

(b) All the persons registered with the Employment Exchanges are not necessarily unemployed.

(c) The Seventh Five Year Plan states that a considerable expansion in the job opportunities for educated manpower may be expected due to

technological advancement and expansion of activities in the various sectors of the economy. While the job opportunities for the matric/higher secondary pass and engineering diploma-holders would emanate from both the organised and unorganised sectors of the economy, those for the higher categories would be generated primarily in industry, banking, transport, communication and public services. Apart from the traditional service sectors, there would be a notable growth in the demand for manpower for implementing the Plan programmes at different levels, especially with the new emphasis on decentralised planning.

As regards self-employment opportunities to graduates in Science and Engineering and to diploma-holders in engineering, in January, 1982, the Government had created the National Science & Technology Entrepreneurship Development Board which has initiated a number of activities. The unemployed graduate engineers can avail financial assistance under the scheme for professionals and self-employed persons from commercial banks which constitute an important segment of priority sector advances.

Musk Extraction

2313. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that musk is painfully scraped out of the musk pod with knife while the musk deer struggles to escape;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to ban the musk extraction;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) There is no report with the Central Government to the effect that musk is painfully scraped out of the musk pod with a knife while the deer struggles to escape.

(b) and (c) Extraction of musk from wild musk deer, alive or dead, is totally banned.

The musk deer is listed in Schedule I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972.

(d) Does not arise.

Produts Identified for World Bank Assistance

2314. PROF. B. RAMACHANDRA RAO:

SHRI ADINARAYANA REDDY:

SHRI G. SWAMY NAIK:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the products which have been identified for assistance under World Bank ten million dollar market fund (EMF);

(b) whether these include computer software besides engineering goods;

(c) what are the terms for receiving this assistance by the private sector; and

(d) the details of the progress and success achieved in the implementation of the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. SHIV SHANKER): (a) Products identified for assistance under Export Marketing Fund (EMF) as originally conceived by the World Bank are given below. It may be noted that other items can also be considered by prior agreement:

—Auto ancillaries, spares

—Bicycles, parts

—Commercial vehicles, scooters

—Diesel engines, pumps